Oakland Business Improvement District (of the City of Pittsburgh)

Financial Statements and Required Supplementary and Supplementary Information

Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 with Independent Auditor's Report



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YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Independent Auditor's Report

Financial Statements:

Statements of Net Position	1
Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	2
Statements of Cash Flows	3
Notes to Financial Statements	4

Supplementary Information:

Budgetary Comparison Report

13



Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Oakland Business Improvement District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Oakland Business Improvement District (District), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the District as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *"Leases"*, which requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and

Board of Directors Oakland Business Improvement District Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Board of Directors Oakland Business Improvement District Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

The District has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison report is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison report is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison report is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Maher Duessel

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania September 18, 2023

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

	2022			2021		
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	828,366	\$	822,542		
Certificate of deposit		11,021		11,021		
Assessment receivable		7,903		14,998		
Grants receivable		170,504		274,753		
Total current assets		1,017,794		1,123,314		
Capital assets:						
Right of use assets		259,519		-		
Office and plaza equipment		586,808		586,808		
Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(597,204)		(566,012)		
Total capital assets		249,123		20,796		
Total Assets	\$	1,266,917	\$	1,144,110		
Liabilities and Net Position						
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	28,101	\$	98 <i>,</i> 683		
Unearned revenue		259,628		577,720		
Other withholding		1,559		4,880		
Current portion of lease liability		53,065		-		
Total current liabilities		342,353		681,283		
Long-term portion of lease liability		170,583		-		
Total Liabilities		512,936		681,283		
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets		25,475		20,796		
Unrestricted		728,506		442,031		
Total Net Position		753,981		462,827		
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$	1,266,917	\$	1,144,110		

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

		2022		
Operating Revenues:	ć	FOC 121	ć	F (7 (2 2
Assessment revenue - current	\$	596,131	\$	567,622
Assessment revenue - prior year		6,182		9,222
Grant income		363,092		189,984
Grant income - Oakland Partners		198,000		99,004
Contributions		147,500		164,729
In-kind revenue		119,780		135,846
Events income		76,200		-
Shared services income		49,332		-
Miscellaneous income		10,501		-
Total operating revenues		1,566,718		1,166,407
Operating Expenses:				
Personnel		359,583		216,614
Operations		137,111		125,800
Public space maintenance		253,397		294,373
Public space improvement		47,705		9,846
Destination marketing		61,006		44,606
Education and outreach		24,847		28,440
Strategic planning		5,054		198
Outdoor seating and safety		8,037		47,185
Retail strategy and recruitment		225,539		269,414
In-kind expense		119,780		135,846
Assessment write-offs		238		-
Total operating expenses		1,242,297		1,172,322
Operating Income (Loss)		324,421		(5,915)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):				
Interest income		529		64
Miscellaneous income		-		2,991
Interest expense		(2,604)		-
Depreciation and amortization expense		(31,192)		-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(33,267)		3,055
Change in Net Position		291,154		(2,860)
Net Position:				
Beginning of year		462,827		465,687
End of year	\$	753,981	\$	462,827

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash received from assessments Cash received from contributions Cash received from events Cash received from shared services income Cash payments for operating expenses Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities: Grants received Other income received Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchase of capital assets Interest paid on long-term debt Principal payments on lease Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	\$ 609,408 147,500 76,200 49,332 (1,196,420) (313,980)	\$ 567,717 164,729 - -
Cash received from contributions Cash received from events Cash received from shared services income Cash payments for operating expenses Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities: Grants received Other income received Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchase of capital assets Interest paid on long-term debt Principal payments on lease Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	\$ 147,500 76,200 49,332 (1,196,420)	\$ 164,729 - -
Cash received from events Cash received from shared services income Cash payments for operating expenses Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities: Grants received Other income received Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchase of capital assets Interest paid on long-term debt Principal payments on lease Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	 76,200 49,332 (1,196,420)	 -
Cash received from shared services income Cash payments for operating expenses Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities: Grants received Other income received Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchase of capital assets Interest paid on long-term debt Principal payments on lease Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	49,332 (1,196,420)	 -
Cash payments for operating expenses Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities: Grants received Other income received Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchase of capital assets Interest paid on long-term debt Principal payments on lease Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	 (1,196,420)	 -
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities: Grants received Other income received Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchase of capital assets Interest paid on long-term debt Principal payments on lease Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities: Grants received Other income received Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchase of capital assets Interest paid on long-term debt Principal payments on lease Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(313,980)	 (1,015,099)
Grants received Other income received Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchase of capital assets Interest paid on long-term debt Principal payments on lease Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(282,653)
Other income received Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchase of capital assets Interest paid on long-term debt Principal payments on lease Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchase of capital assets Interest paid on long-term debt Principal payments on lease Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	357,750	524,347
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchase of capital assets Interest paid on long-term debt Principal payments on lease Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	-	 2,991
Purchase of capital assets Interest paid on long-term debt Principal payments on lease Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	357,750	 527,338
Interest paid on long-term debt Principal payments on lease Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		
Principal payments on lease Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(17,100)	(20,796)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(2,604)	-
· · · · · · · ·	(18,771)	 -
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:	(38,475)	 (20,796)
Interest received on investments	529	 64
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	529	 64
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	5,824	223,953
Cash and Cash Equivalents:		
Beginning of year	822,542	 598,589
End of year	\$ 828,366	\$ 822,542
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash		
Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$ 324,421	\$ (5,915)
Cash received from operating grants	(571,593)	(288,988)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to		
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Change in operating assets:		
Assessment receivable	7,095	(9,127)
Change in operating liabilities:		
Accounts payable	(70,582)	19,829
Other withholding	(3,321)	1,548
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

1. Organization

The Oakland Business Improvement District (District) was created by the City of Pittsburgh on March 18, 1999. The new legislation was effective January 1, 2023 and will be scheduled to sunset on December 31, 2027, unless renewed. Under the Business Improvement District Act (Act), owners of office and retail buildings, parking facilities, and hotels located within the designated area shall be subject to the special assessment authorized by the Act. The Internal Revenue Service has determined that the District is a part of the City of Pittsburgh and is not required to file federal income or information returns.

The amount of funds the assessment is to raise annually is approximately \$750,000 in 2023, \$825,000 in 2024, \$910,000 in 2025, \$1,000,000 in 2026, and \$1,100,000 in 2027, but shall not exceed 4.5 mills based on the combined land and building values established by the Allegheny County Board of Property Assessment as of December of 2022. The special assessment revenue shall be used solely for administrative services and improvements permitted by the Act and not for essential services provided by the City of Pittsburgh.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying financial statements of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governmental enterprise funds. The District has determined the optimal presentation of its financial statements is a stand-alone enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent is that the costs of providing the service to the general public, including depreciation and amortization, are financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies of the District.

Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized. The accompanying financial statements are presented on an accrual basis whereby revenues are recognized when earned, irrespective of when they are billed or collected, and expenses are recognized when incurred. The major sources of revenue are assessments, grants, and local contributions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

Statements of Cash Flows

For the purposes of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are valued at historical cost (except for the intangible right of use lease assets, the measurement of which is discussed under Lease Payable below). The District maintains a capitalization threshold for items exceeding a cost of \$2,500 with an estimated life greater than one year. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Depreciation/amortization is recorded using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Computer equipment	3 years
Furniture and equipment	5 years

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue represents grant funds received in advance for which expenses have not yet been incurred. Unearned revenue balances consisted of the following for the years ending December 31, 2022 and 2021:

Grantor	Purpose	 2022	 2021
Hillman Foundation	Strategic Planning	259,628	439,227
RK Mellon	Strategic Planning	-	13,864
Carlow University	Wayfinding expenses	-	3,000
University of Pittsburgh	Wayfinding expenses	-	633
University of Pittsburgh	Innovation Oakland Support	-	100,000
Carnegie Mellon University	Pilot project	-	10,000
UPMC Oakland	Sponsorship	 -	 10,996
		\$ 259,628	\$ 577,720

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

Operating Income

The District distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the District's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District are special assessments charged to certain properties located within the District, operating grants, and contributions received from nonprofit organizations. Operating expenses for the District include the cost of district improvement activities and administrative expenses. Nonoperating revenues and expenses consist of interest income and expense, depreciation/amortization expense, and proceeds (loss) on sale of capital assets.

Net Position

Net position is classified as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization. The District has no bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of their capital assets.
- Restricted This component of net position consists of constraints placed on net position use. The District had no restricted net assets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.
- Unrestricted This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District's annual budget is a management tool that assists users in analyzing financial activity for the year and is not a legally-imposed document.

Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Lease Payable

The District is a lessee for a lease of street patios, as discussed in Note 6. The District recognized a lease liability and an intangible right of use asset (lease asset) for this lease.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life (lease term).

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

As the District's lease does not provide an implicit rate, a risk free Treasury rate is used, which is based on the information available at the commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments.

The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and a purchase option price that the District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with longterm debt on the statements of net position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

Adopted Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 87, "*Leases*," requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset. As a result of this implementation, the District recognized a right of use lease asset and lease liability in its statement of financial position as of December 31, 2022 to record a lease entered into during 2022. There were no prior leases that qualified for recording as a result of this implementation.

The following GASB Statements were also adopted for the year ended December 31, 2022: Statement Nos. 91 (Conduit Debt Obligations), 92 (Omnibus 2020), 97 (Deferred Compensation Plans), and 99 (Omnibus 2022 – paragraphs 26 through 32). These statements had no significant impact on the District's financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Pending Pronouncements

GASB has issued statements that will become effective in future years, including Statement Nos. 94 (Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships), 96 (Information Technology Arrangements), 99 (Omnibus 2022), 100 (Accounting Changes and Error Corrections), and 101 (Compensated Absences). Management has not yet determined the impact of these statements on the financial statements.

3. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Deposits

<u>Deposits</u>

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk; however, as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, \$280,965 and \$280,954 of the bank balances were covered by federal depository insurance, respectively. Deposits in excess of FDIC coverage, are collateralized in accordance with Act 72 of the Pennsylvania state legislature, which requires the institution to pool collateral for all

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

governmental deposits and have the collateral held by an approved custodian in the institution's name.

The following is a summary of the District's cash deposits (including certificate of deposits):

	FD	IC Insured	Bar	Bank Balance		rying Value
Deposits:						
December, 31 2022	\$	280,965	\$	874,529	\$	839,387
December 31, 2021	\$	280,954	\$	870,003	\$	833,563

4. Sources of Revenues

The primary sources of revenues are assessment revenue, contributions, and grant income. The assessments in 2022 and 2021 are 3.3 and 3.1 mills, respectively, of the combined assessed taxable land and building values of the properties within the specified area. Any assessments not paid within a year are written off and a lien is placed upon the property as soon as legally possible. Any money later collected is recognized in the period in which it is received. The District works with a collection agency to collect past due assessments.

Grant income is received from various sources, including governmental organizations, private foundations, and corporations. Unearned revenue was related to grants awarded but not yet spent for an eligible purpose. Unearned revenue is specifically related to strategic planning. No allowance for doubtful accounts has been established for assessment revenue or grant income, as it is expected to be fully collectible.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

5. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

		Balance at uary 1, 2022		Additions	Dele	tions	alance at nber 31, 2022
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:	_						
Office and plaza equipment Right of use assets	\$	586,808	\$	۔ 259,519	\$	-	\$ 586,808 259,519
Accumulated depreciation				233,313			255,515
and amortization		(566,012)		(31,192)		-	 (597,204)
Total capital assets, net	\$	20,796	\$	228,327	\$	-	\$ 249,123
		alance at ary 1, 2021	Ac	ditions	Dele	tions	alance at nber 31, 2021
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:							
Office and plaza equipment	\$	566,012	\$	20,796	\$	-	\$ 586,808
Right of use assets Accumulated depreciation		-		-		-	-
and amortization		(566,012)		_		-	(566,012)
Total capital assets, net	\$	-	\$	20,796	\$	-	\$ 20,796

6. Lease Commitments

In August 2022, the District entered into a 48-month agreement with Pop-Up Street Patios, Inc. for the rental of 19 custom street patios for a total of \$68,400 per year, paid in equal monthly installments, beginning in August 2022. The patios will be returned upon termination of the rental agreement. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$242,419. As of December 31, 2022, the value of the lease liability was \$223,648. The District has made an accounting policy election to use a risk-free rate in lieu of its incremental borrowing rate to discount future lease payments. The weighted-average discount rate applied to calculate lease liabilities as of December 31, 2022, was 2.66%. The

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

value of the right of use asset as of December 31, 2022 was \$259,519. The right of use asset had accumulated amortization of \$27,033 as of December 31, 2022.

The following is a summary of lease transactions for the District for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Balance	e at			Balance at					
	Decembe	er 31,			December 31, Du				ue within	
	2021 Additions		Additions		C	Deletions		2022	0	one year
Lease payable	\$	-	\$	242,419	\$	(18,771)	\$	223,648	\$	53,065

Future principal and interest lease payments due from the District to Pop-Up Patios, Inc. are as follows:

Future Lease Payments										
	Principal		Principal		lı	nterest		Total		
2023	\$	53,065	\$	5,360	\$	58,425				
2024		64,647	-	3,753		68,400				
2025		66,388		2,012		68,400				
2026		39,548		352		39,900				
	\$	223,648	\$	11,477	\$	235,125				

7. Retirement Plan

The District maintains a 403(b) retirement plan (Plan) covering substantially all of its employees. Each year, the District contributes to the Plan an amount equal to 6% of employee compensation. Employees qualify for the District's contribution after one year of service. Employees become vested after three years of service. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, one employee had been vested in the Plan. Retirement contribution expense was \$2,706 and \$6,003 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

8. Line of Credit

The District has a line of credit with Dollar Bank allowing borrowings to a maximum of \$100,000. Interest, determined at the bank's prime rate, is due monthly and principal is due on demand. The line of credit is secured by all business assets now owned or hereafter acquired by the District, excluding those assets identified as restricted assets. The amount outstanding on the line of credit was \$0 as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.

9. Commitments and Contingencies

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties.

There has been no reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year, nor have amounts of settlements exceeded coverage levels in the past three years. There were no additional commitments or contingencies for which the District was liable as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

BUDGETARY COMPARISON REPORT

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Actual	Orig	inal Budget	Fir	nal Budget	Variance wit Final Budge t Positive (Negat		
Revenues:	 		<u> </u>				<u> </u>	
Assessment income - current	\$ 596,131	\$	601,719	\$	601,719	\$	(5 <i>,</i> 588)	
Assessment income - prior years	6,182		-		-		6,182	
Grant income and in-kind revenue	680,872		575,000		575,000		105,872	
Contributions	147,500		147,500		147,500		-	
Interest income	529		-		-		529	
Miscellaneous income	59,833		50,000		50,000		9,833	
Events income	 76,200		100,000		100,000		(23,800)	
Total revenues	 1,567,247		1,474,219		1,474,219		93,028	
Expenses:								
Personnel:								
Salaries	301,142		323,113		323,113		21,971	
FICA-ER	24,924		25 <i>,</i> 850		25 <i>,</i> 850		926	
SUI-ER	-		-		-		-	
Health coverage	30,811		34,639		34,639		3,828	
Benefits - mutual	 2,706		13,502		13,502		10,796	
Total personnel	 359,583		397,104		397,104		37,521	

(Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON REPORT

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (Continued)

			Variance with
Actual	Original Budget	Final Budget	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
4,059	3,000	3,000	(1,059)
3,550	5,160	5,160	1,610
263	1,000	1,000	737
923	1,589	1,589	666
55,111	1,000	1,000	(54,111)
445	1,000	1,000	555
2,607	1,000	1,000	(1,607)
742	1,000	1,000	258
36	8,300	8,300	8,264
6,218	5,400	5,400	(818)
4,910	10,500	10,500	5,590
1,913	3,000	3,000	1,087
18,767	12,000	12,000	(6,767)
6,716	5,400	5,400	(1,316)
14,291	2,100	2,100	(12,191)
813	595	595	(218)
687	6,000	6,000	5,313
1,096	-	-	(1,096)
1,814	5,000	5,000	3,186
417	1,600	1,600	1,183
8,708	19,250	19,250	10,542
3,025	-	-	(3,025)
119,780	82,000	82,000	(37,780)
256,891	175,894	175,894	(80,997)
	3,550 263 923 55,111 445 2,607 742 36 6,218 4,910 1,913 18,767 6,716 14,291 813 687 1,096 1,814 417 8,708 3,025 119,780	4,059 3,000 3,550 5,160 263 1,000 923 1,589 55,111 1,000 445 1,000 2,607 1,000 742 1,000 36 8,300 6,218 5,400 4,910 10,500 1,913 3,000 18,767 12,000 6,716 5,400 14,291 2,100 813 595 687 6,000 1,096 - 1,814 5,000 417 1,600 8,708 19,250 3,025 - 119,780 82,000	4,059 $3,000$ $3,000$ $3,550$ $5,160$ $5,160$ 263 $1,000$ $1,000$ 923 $1,589$ $1,589$ $55,111$ $1,000$ $1,000$ 445 $1,000$ $1,000$ $2,607$ $1,000$ $1,000$ $2,607$ $1,000$ $1,000$ 742 $1,000$ $1,000$ 36 $8,300$ $8,300$ $6,218$ $5,400$ $5,400$ $4,910$ $10,500$ $10,500$ $1,913$ $3,000$ $3,000$ $18,767$ $12,000$ $12,000$ $6,716$ $5,400$ $5,400$ $14,291$ $2,100$ $2,100$ 813 595 595 687 $6,000$ $6,000$ $1,096$ $1,814$ $5,000$ $5,000$ 417 $1,600$ $1,600$ $8,708$ $19,250$ $19,250$ $3,025$ $119,780$ $82,000$ $82,000$

(Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON REPORT

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (Continued)

				Variance with Final Budget
	Actual	Original Budget	Final Budget	Positive (Negative)
Public space maintenance:				
Cleaning contract	253,202	302,885	302,885	49,683
Cleaning equipment expense	195	1,500	1,500	1,305
Total public space maintenance	253,397	304,385	304,385	50,988
Public space improvement:				
Sidewalk seating	25,797	-	-	(25,797)
Flower baskets	21,908	20,000	20,000	(1,908)
Total public space improvement	47,705	20,000	20,000	(27,705)
Destination marketing:				
Marketing material printing	9,806	-	-	(9,806)
Events	50,457	95,000	95,000	44,543
Advertising	743	5,000	5,000	4,257
Total destination marketing	61,006	100,000	100,000	38,994

(Continued)

BUDGETARY COMPARISON REPORT

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (Continued)

	Actual	Original Budget	Final Budget	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Education and outreach:				
OBID website	4,090	6,336	6,336	2,246
Marketing/rebranding	500	-	-	(500)
Events	5,125	10,500	10,500	5,375
Postage	15,132	2,500	2,500	(12,632)
Total education and outreach	24,847	19,336	19,336	(5,511)
Strategic planning:				
Planning	1,223	-	-	(1,223)
Lodging	2,651	-	-	(2,651)
Airfare	1,180			(1,180)
Total strategic planning	5,054			(5,054)
Outdoor seating and safety	8,037			(8,037)
Retail strategy and recruitment	225,539	532,500	532,500	306,961
Depreciation and amortization expense	31,192			(31,192)
Interest expense	2,604			(2,604)
Assessment write-off	238			(238)
Total expenses	1,276,093	1,549,219	1,549,219	273,126
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenses	<u>\$ 291,154</u>	\$ (75,000)	\$ (75,000)	\$ 366,154

(Concluded)

* - This variance is due to grants awarded that are scheduled to be spent in FY 2023.